



Information Sheets

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We reserve the right to change specifications or technical requirements without prior notice. All statements made in this catalog binder subject to omissions or errors.



A	
Term	Explanation
Abrasion	Abrasion resistance is the ability of a cable jacket to resist surface wear.
ABS	Acrylonitril-Butadiene-Styrol. An impact resistant rigid material.
AC	Acronym for alternating current.
Accel. Aging	Accelerated aging is the test that simulates long time environmental conditions in a relatively short time.
ACR	Abbreviation for attenuation crosstalk ratio. The difference between attenuation and crosstalk, measured in dB. (decibel)
Actuator	A power mechanism used to effect motion of a robot.
ADP	Abbreviation for Absolute Digital Position. Used with encoders that produces an output signal indicative of an absolute position.
AF	Audio frequency.
Alloy	A metal formed by combining two or more different metals to obtain desirable properties.
AM	Amplitude modulation.
Ampacity	The maximum current for an insulated wire or cable.
Ampere (A)	The unit of current. One Ampere is the current flowing through one ohm of resistance at one volt potential. Discoverer: Andre' Marie Ampere (1775-1836)
Amplitude	The maximum value of a varying wave form.
Analog	Representation of data by continuously variable quantities.



Information Sheets

A	
Term	Explanation
ANSI	Abbreviation for American National Standard Institute.
ASA	American Standards Association (also ANSI)
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange.
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers.
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials.
Attenuation	Power loss in an electrical system. Generally expressed by dB per unit length.
Audio Frequency	Frequencies audible to the human ear, considered to be in the range of 20 to 20,000 Hertz (Hz)
AWG	American Wire Gauge. The standard system used for designating the wire diameter.
AMW	Appliance Wiring Material.



B	
Term	Explanation
Backbone Wiring	The physical and electrical interconnections between telecommunications and closets and equipment rooms.
Balanced Line	Two identical conductors which carry voltages opposite in polarity and equal in magnitude with respect to ground.
Bandwidth	The difference between the upper and lower limits of a given band of frequencies. (Hz)
Baud	Unit of data transmission speed meaning bits per second.
BER	The Bit Error Rate is the discrepancy between outgoing and incoming bits transmitted between data equipments.
Bit	One binary digit.
Bonding	The method used to produce good electrical contact between metallic parts of any device. Extensively used in aircrafts to prevent static build up.
Breakdown	A disruptive discharge through the insulation.
Breakdown voltage	The voltage at which the insulation between two conductors breaks down.
Bus-Bar-Wire	Uninsulated tinned copper wire used as a common lead.
Byte	A group of adjacent binary digits (8 bits)



C	
Term	Explanation
Cable Sheath	The protective covering applied to cables.
Capacitance (C)	The ability of a dielectric material between conductors to store electricity when a difference of potential exists between two conductors. The unit measurement is the farad (F)
Capacitor	Is an electronic device which can be used to store an electric charge or to allow varying current to flow.
CENELEC	European Committee for Electrotechnical Norms.
Compound	An insulating or jacketing material made by mixing of two or more ingredients.
Conductivity	The capability of a material to carry electrical current - usually expressed as a percentage of copper conductivity.
Copolymer	A compound resulting from the polymerization of two different monomers.
Creepage	The conduction of electricity across the surface of a dielectric.
Creepage Surface	An insulation surface which provides physical separation as a form of insulation between two electrical conductors.
CRT	Cathode Ray Tube
CSA	Canadian Standards Association.
C-Track	Is a device used to guide cables in a continuous flexing application.

C	
Term	Explanation
Current	The rate of transfer of electricity.
Current AC	An electric current that periodically reverses direction of electron flow. (Alternating Current)
Current DC	An electric current whose electrons flow in one direction only. (Direct Current)
Current Loop	A two wire transmit/receive interface.
Current Pulse	A burst of electrical energy.
Cycle Life	The number of repetitive flex motions that a wire or cable can withstand prior to breakdown.
Cycle Time	A measure of the time it takes a robot to move through a defined series of motions.,

D	
Term	Explanation
dB	Abbreviation for Decibel. A term that expresses two power levels used to indicate gains or losses in a system.
DC	Abbreviation for Direct Current. See Current DC.
Delay Line	A transmission line device designed to delay a wave or signal for a specific length of time.
Derating Factor	A factor used to reduce the current carrying capacity of a cable when used in environments other than that for which the value was established.
Dielectric	An insulating medium which intervenes between two conductors and permits electrostatic attraction and repulsion to take across it.
Dielectric Strength	The voltage which an insulator can withstand before breakdown occurs.
DIN	Deutsche Industrie Norm. (German industrial norms)
Distortion	Any undesired change in a wave form or signal.
Disturbance	An undesired input variable that may occur at any point within a feedback control system.
Drain wire	Uninsulated wire in contact with the shield of a cable.
Duct	A tube for carrying electrical cables.

E	
Term	Explanation
EIA	Abbreviation for Electronic Industries Association.
Elastomer	A class of long-chain polymers capable of being crosslinked to produce compounds.
Electrical Noise	Unwanted electrical energy that has the possibility of producing undesirable effects in the control, its circuits and system. Electrical noise includes EMI and RFI
Electromagnetic	Pertaining to the combined electric and magnetic fields associated with movements of electrons through conductors.
Electron Volt	A measure of the energy gained by an electron falling through an electric field produced by one volt.
Electrostatic	Pertaining to static electricity or electricity at rest. A constant intensity electric charge.
Elongation	The fractional increase in length of a material stressed in tension.
EMF	Electromotive force (voltage).
EMI	Electromagnetic interferences are electromagnetic disturbance that manifests itself in performance degradation, malfunction, or failure of electronic equipments.
Encoder	An encoder is a device which converts motion or position into digital informations.
Energy Dissipation	Loss of energy from a system due to the conversion of work energy into an undesirable form, usually heat.

F	
Term	Explanation
Farad	Unit of capacitance whereby a charge of coulomb produces a one volt potential difference.
Fatigue Resistance	Resistance to metal crystallization which leads to conductors breaking from flexing.
Feedback	Energy that is extracted from a high level point in a circuit and applied to a lower level.
Ferrous	Composed of and/or containing iron. A ferrous metal exhibits magnetic characteristics.
Field	Is an area through which electric and/or magnetic lines of forces pass.
Filler	A material used in multi-conductor cables to occupy large interstices formed by the assembled conductors.
Floating	Referring to a circuit which has no connection to ground.
FM	Frequency modulation.
Frequency	The number of times a periodic action occurs in a unit of time. The number of Hertz (Hz) that an electric current completes in one second.

G-H	
Term	Explanation
Gauge	A term used to denote the physical size of a wire.
Gauss (Ga)	Unit of measure for magnetic flux density.
GHz	Gigahertz (one billion Hertz)
GND	Abbreviation for Ground (see ground)
GPIB	General Purpose Interface Bus Assembly is used for inter-connecting measurements devices.
Ground Loop	A completed circuit between shielded pairs of a multiple pair created by random contact between shields.
Ground Potential	The potential on the earth. A circuit, terminal, or chassis is said to be at ground potential when it is used as a reference point for other potentials in the system.
Harmonized (HAR)	Cables meeting requirements of CENELEC for use in the European Economic Community.
Henry (H)	A practical unit of inductance that will produce a voltage drop of one volt when the current changes at the rate of one ampere per second.
Hertz (Hz)	The unit of measure for frequency in cycles per second.
High Frequency (HF)	The band from 3 - 30 MHz (Megahertz) in the radio spectrum.
Hook-Up-Wire	A single insulated conductor. (usually under 1000 volt)
Hygroscopic	Capable of absorbing moisture from the air.



I-J	
Term	Explanation
I	Symbol used to designate current.
ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association.
IEC	International Electromechanical Commission.
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers.
IF	Intermediate-Frequency.
Impedance (Z)	The total opposition that a circuit offers to the flow of alternating current or any other varying current at a particular frequency. It is a combination of resistance (R) and reactance (X), measured in ohms.
Inductance (L)	The property of a circuit or circuit element that opposes a change in current flow, thus causing current changes to lag behind voltage changes. It is measured in Henrys.
Induction	The phenomenon of a voltage/magnetic field, or electrostatic charge being produced in an object by lines of force from the source of such fields.
Inductive Sensor	A sensing device that is actuated by a metal object.
Insertion Force	The force required to insert a contact into the mating contact.
Insertion Loss	A measure of the attenuation of a device by determining the output of a system before and after the device is inserted into the system.
Insulation Resistance	The resistance measured in ohms at a designated voltage between two or more conductors separated by the insulation whose resistance is being measured.



I-J	
Term	Explanation
Interface	The region where two systems or a major and a minor system meet and interact with each other.
Interference	Electrical or electromagnetic disturbance which introduce undesirable responses into other electronic equipment.
Interrogate Pulse	An electrical signal sent to a device for the purpose to determining identity or status by causing the device to produce an appropriate response.
Ionization	The formation of ions. Ions are produced when polar compounds are dissolved in a solvent and when a liquid, gas, or solid is caused to lose or gain electrons due to the passage of an electric current.
IPCEA	Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association.
IR-Drop	The designation of a voltage drop in terms of current and resistance.
Irradiation	In insulations, the expose of the material to high energy emissions to alter the molecular structure by crosslinking.
IRS	Ignition Radiation Suppression.
ISA	Instrument Society of America.
ISO	International Standards Organization.
Jacket	An outer covering, usually non-metallic, mainly used for protection against the environment.

K-L	
Term	Explanation
KEV	1000 electron volts.
KVA	1000 Voltampere.
KW	Kilowatt (1000 watts)
Laser	A coherent source of light with a narrow beam and a narrow spectral bandwidth (about 2nm)
Lead Dress	The placement or routing of wiring and component leads in an electrical circuit.
Leakage	The undesirable passage of current over the surface of or through an insulator.
LED	An acronym for light emitting diode which emits light when current passes through it in proper direction.
Level	A measure of the difference between a quantity or value and an established reference.
LF	Low Frequency.
Load	A device that consumes power from a source and uses that power to perform a function.
Loop Resistance	The total resistance of two conductors measured round trip from one end.
Loss	The portion of energy applied to a system that is dissipated and performs no useful work.

M	
Term	Explanation
Magnetic Field	The region within which a body or current experiences magnetic forces.
Magnetic Flux	The rate of flow of magnetic energy across or through a surface.
Magnetic noise	Caused by change in current level, e.g. AC powerline (creates magnetic field around that cable) this magnetic field causes the magnetic noise.
Metric System	See page L-07-01 The metric system is standard in the world, except Brunei, Liberia, Myanmar, Yemen and the USA.
MHz	Megahertz (one million cycles per second).
Mis-Match	A termination having a different impedance than that for which a circuit or cable is designed.
Modulation	The coding of information onto the carrier frequency. Modulation means include (among others) amplitude, frequency, or phase pulse many forms of on-off digital coding.
Monomer	The basic chemical unit used in building a polymer.
Multiplexing	Simultaneous transmission of two or more messages over the same cable medium.
Mutual Capacitance	Capacitance between two conductors when all other conductors are connected together.

N-O	
Term	Explanation
NEC	National Electrical Code
NEMA	National Electric Manufacturers Association
Neoprene	A synthetic rubber with good resistance to oil, chemicals and flame. Also called polychloroprene.
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association.
Noise	In a cable or circuit, any extraneous signal which tends to interfere with the signal normally present in or passing through the system.
NPN	A type of transistor which requires a positive power supply.
Off-Delay	The output signal rises immediately upon the receipt of an input signal and is maintained by a preset time after the input signal is removed.
Off-State Condition	The condition of a solid-state device where no control signal is applied.
Off-State Current	The current that flows in a solid-state device in the off-state condition.
Ohm	The electrical unit of resistance. The value of resistance through which a potential difference of one volt will maintain a current of one ampere.
Ohm's Law	<p>$R = \text{Resistance}$ $E = \text{Voltage}$ $I = \text{Ampere}$</p> <p>$I = E : R$ $\text{Ampere} = \text{Voltage} : \text{Ohm}$</p> <p>$R = E : I$ $\text{Ohm} = \text{Voltage} : \text{Ampere}$</p> <p>$E = R \times I$ $\text{Voltage} = \text{Ohm} \times \text{Ampere}$</p>



P-R	
Term	Explanation
Peak	The maximum instantaneous value of a varying current or voltage.
Phase	An angular relationship between waves.
Pin-Diode	A device used to convert optical signals to electrical signals in a receiver.
PNP	A type of transistor which requires a negative power supply.
Proximity Sensor	A pilot device that detects the present of an object without physical contact.
Pulse	Used to describe one particular variation in a series of wave motions.
Rectification	This is a term used to describe an electrical process which converts AC to DC.
Repeater	A transmitter and receiver combination used to regenerate a signal.
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference.
RG/U	Abbreviation for Radio Government Universal. The military designation for coaxial cable.
RMS	Root Mean Square, the effective value of an alternating current or voltage.
Rupture	In the breaking strength tests, the point at which the material physically comes apart.

S-T	
Term	Explanation
Semiconductor	A material that has a resistance characteristics between that of insulators and conductors.
Sensor	A device that responds to physical stimuli (such as heat, light, sound, pressure, magnetism, motion) and transmits the resulting signal or data for providing a measurement, operating a control, or both.
Sheath	The outer covering or jacket of a multiconductor cable.
Silicone	A rubber-like man-made material used extensively in gasket and sealing applications. I has a very wide temperature range.
SJOO	UL designation for a rubber jacketed cord. (300 Volt)
SOO	UL designation for a rubber jacketed cord. (600 Volt)
STO	UL designation for a PVC insulated cord. (600 Volt)
SV	Vacuum cleaner cord, rubber jacketed. (300 Volt)
SVO	Vacuum cleaner cord, neoprene jacketed. (300 Volt)
SVT	Same as SV except all plastic construction.
Tensile strength	The pull stress required to break a given specimen.
Transducer	A device for converting mechanical energy to electrical energy.
Transistor	This is a solid state device used in electronic circuits. It is often used in switching or amplifier applications.
Transmitter	Converts electrical energy to light energy.

U-Z	
Term	Explanation
UHF	Ultra High Frequency (300 - 3,000 MHz)
Ultrasonic Sensor	A sensing device that detects an object by emitting a sonic pulse and evaluating the time for its echo to return.
VA	Volt-Ampere. A designation of power in terms of voltage and current.
VDE	Association of German Electrotechnical Engineers.
VHF	Very High Frequency. (30 - 300 MHz)
VLF	Very Low Frequency. (10-30 KHz)
Volt	A unit of electrical pressure. One volt is the electrical pressure that will cause one ampere of current to flow through one ohm of resistance.
Watt	A unit of electrical power. The Watt is the power required to do work at the rate of one joule per second.
Wave Form	A graphical representation of a varying quantity. Usually, time is represented on the horizontal axis, and the current or voltage value is represented on the vertical axis.
Wave Length	The distance between successive peaks or nodes of a wave.
Weld Field Immune	Devices carrying this designation will not false trigger in the presence of extreme electromagnetic fields produced by resistance welders.
Wicking	The longitudinal flow of a liquid in a wire or cable due to capillary action.
X	Symbol for reactance
Z	Symbol for impedance

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The Elements					
Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol
Actinium	Ac	Germanium	Ge	Phosphorus	P
Aluminium	Al	Gold	Au	Platinum	Pt
Americium	Am			Plutonium	Pu
Antimony	Sb	Hafnium	Hf	Polonium	Po
Argon	A	Helium	He	Potassium	K
Arsenic	As	Holmium	Ho	Praseodymium	Pr
Astatine	At	Hydrogen	H	Promethium	Pm
				Protactinium	Pa
Barium	Ba	Indium	In		
Berkelium	Bk	Iodine	I	Radium	Ra
Beryllium	Be	Iridium	Ir	Radon	Rn
Bismuth	Bi	Iron	Fe	Rhenium	Re
Boron	B			Rhodium	Rh
Bromine	Br	Krypton	Kr	Rubidium	Rb
				Ruthenium	Ru
Cadmium	Cd	Lanthanum	La		
Calcium	Ca	Lawrencium	Lw	Samarium	Sm
Californium	Cf	Lead	Pb	Scandium	Sc
Carbon	C	Lithium	Li	Selenium	Se
Cerium	Ce	Lutetium	Lu	Silicone	Si
Cesium	Cs			Silver	Ag
Chlorine	Cl	Magnesium	Mg	Sodium	Na
Chromium	Cr	Manganese	Mn	Strontium	Sr
Cobalt	Co	Mendelevium	Md	Sulfur	S
Copper	Cu	Mercury	Hg		
Curium	Cm	Molybdenum	Mo	Tantalum	Ta
				Technetium	Tc
Dysprosium	Dy	Neodymium	Nd	Tellurium	Te
		Neon	Ne	Terbium	Tb
Einsteinium	Es	Neptunium	Np	Thallium	Tl
Erbium	Er	Nickel	Ni	Thorium	Th
Europium	Eu	Niobium	Nb	Tin	Sn
		Nitrogen	N	Uranium	U
Fermium	Fm	Nobelium	No	Vanadium	V
Fluorine	F				
Francium	Fr	Osmium	Os	Xenon	Xe
		Oxygen	O	Yttrium	Y
Gadolinium	Gd			Zinc	Zn
Gallium	Ga	Palladium	Pd	Zirconium	Zr



Warranty and Disclaimer

A limited warranty applies to the products sold by rde Connectors & Cables, Inc.

rde Connectors & Cables, Inc. will not be liable for any loss, damage, cost of repairs, incidental or consequential damages of any kind, whether or not based upon express or limited warranty, contract, negligence, or strict liability arising in connection with the design, manufacture, sale, use, or repair of the products.

rde Connectors & Cables, Inc. expressly warrants that each product sold will be free from defects in material and workmanship. The purchaser should inspect goods delivered with respect to possible external damage immediately upon receipt. rde Connector & Cables, Inc.'s liability under this warranty is limited to the repair or replacement of any unit which proves to be defective in material or workmanship under normal use or service within one year from date of shipment, provided the unit is returned at purchaser's expense to seller's shipping point. No material is accepted for analysis, replacement, or repair without an RMA number issued by the sales department of rde Connectors & Cables, Inc.

The warranty of rde Connectors & Cables, Inc. shall not apply to any goods or components thereof which have been subjected to any of the following:

- ▶ IMPROPER OPERATION
- ▶ STORAGE OR MAINTENANCE
- ▶ MATERIAL MODIFICATIONS, UNLESS APPROVED BY rde Connectors & Cables, Inc.
- ▶ ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY ACCIDENT, REGARDLESS OF FAULT

Except as expressly set forth above, rde Connector & Cables, Inc. shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages of any kind, including but not limited to loss of profits, downtime expenses, or increased cost of operation.

rde Connectors & Cables, Inc. reserves the right to discontinue manufacture of any product, or to change product materials, designs, or specifications at any time and without prior notice.

All statements made in our catalogs and literature are subject to omission and/or error. We do not guarantee that the information presented therein is accurate or complete, and we disclaim any liability regarding its use.



Terms and Conditions of Sale

Terms

All orders are shipped C.O.D. or via credit card payment, unless an open account has been established previously. Open account terms are 30 days net from the date of the invoice. Should a collection fee be incurred due to delayed payments, it will be applied to the account. Other penalty charges may apply. All products purchased from rde Connectors & Cables, Inc., remain the property of rde until all outstanding invoices have been paid in full.

Minimum Orders

There is no minimum order requirement. Orders under \$100 may be paid by credit card only. Orders under \$100.00 are subject to a \$25.00 handling charge, unless other arrangements are made. A minimum order amount of \$250.00 is required for orders outside of the USA.

Shipping

Unless otherwise specified, all orders will be shipped via UPS Ground. All goods are shipped FOB Sunrise, Florida. We insure each UPS shipment. Insurance will only be excluded if we have a written statement of the customer to pay the full amount of the invoice if the shipment gets lost. The title does not pass to the customer until the goods are fully paid to rde Connectors & Cables, Inc.

Backorders

Unless otherwise instructed, any items that are out of stock will be placed on backorder. The customer is instructed not to reorder this item as it will be shipped upon arrival at our production facilities.

Returns

rde Connectors & Cables, Inc., warrants its merchandise to be free from any defect(s) in material, assembly, title, or other. All orders are final; only defective goods may be returned. In the event of a product defect, it may be returned to our current business address, provided the customer has secured an RMA number from rde, and has displayed such on the outside of the package. The customer may call or write to obtain an RMA number from our sales department prior to returning the product(s). All RMA requests must be submitted within 30 days of receipt of the merchandise.

Cancellations

Orders may only be cancelled within 1 business day after the date of placement. There will be no exceptions.

Notice

rde Connectors & Cables, Inc., reserves the right to change its Conditions of Sale without prior notice.



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